

Anti-Bullying Policy

For

Lisronagh National School

1. Characteristic spirit and general objectives of the school

Lisronagh N.S is a Catholic co-educational primary school with a Catholic ethos under the patronage of the Bishop of Waterford and Lismore.

"Catholic Ethos" in the context of a Catholic primary school means the ethos and characteristic spirit of the Roman Catholic Church, which aims at promoting:

- (a) the full and harmonious development of all aspects of the person of the pupil, a living relationship with God and with other people; and
- (b) including the intellectual, physical, cultural, moral and spiritual aspects; and
- (c) a philosophy of life inspired by belief in God and in the life, death and resurrection of Jesus; and
- (d) the formation of the pupils in the Catholic faith;

and which school provides religious education for the pupils in accordance with the doctrines, practices and traditions of the Roman Catholic Church, and/or such ethos and/or characteristic spirit as may be determined or interpreted from time to time by the Irish Episcopal Conference.

In accordance with S.15 (2) (b) of the Education Act, 1998 the Board of Management of Lisronagh N.S. shall uphold, and be accountable to the patron for so upholding, the characteristic spirit of the school as determined by the cultural, educational, moral, religious, social, linguistic and spiritual values and traditions which inform and are characteristic of the objectives and conduct of the school.

Mission Statement:

Lisronagh National School is a co-educational, Catholic, Primary school. While it is a school with a Catholic Ethos, it also has due recognition of all other religions.

In Lisronagh National School we endeavour to:

- Promote the happiness and confidence of each child.
- > Develop, to the best of their abilities, the literacy and numeracy skills of each pupil.
- Foster an enquiring mind.
- Encourage a sense of respect for self and others.
- Promote honesty, independence, sociability, responsibility and a sense of enterprise.
- Instil a love of local and national community.
- Efforts will be made to promote, both individual and collectively, the professional and personal development of teachers through staff development programmes.
- > The involvement of parents will be encouraged through home/school contacts and through their involvement in the Lisronagh National School Parents' Association.
- > We will endeavour to enhance the self-esteem of everyone in the school community.
- > Gender equality amongst the teachers and pupils will be promoted.
- > Déanfaimid iarracht Gaeilge a labhairt.

The School motto is:

"Cherish to promote respect,

Challenge to achieve the best. "

Anti-Bullying Policy

- 1. In accordance with the requirements of the Education (Welfare) Act 2000 and the code of behaviour guidelines issued by the NEWB, the Board of Management of Lisronagh National School has adopted the following anti-bullying policy within the framework of the school's overall code of behaviour. This policy fully complies with the requirements of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools which were published in September 2013.
- 2. The Board of Management recognises the serious nature of bullying and the negative impact that it can have on the lives of pupils and is therefore fully committed to the following key principles of best practice in preventing and tackling bullying behaviour:
 - A positive school culture and climate which -
 - is welcoming of difference and diversity and is based on inclusivity;
 - encourages pupils to disclose and discuss incidents of bullying behaviour in a non-threatening environment; and
 - promotes respectful relationships across the school community;
 - Effective leadership;
 - A school-wide approach;
 - A shared understanding of what bullying is and its impact;
 - Implementation of education and prevention strategies (including awareness raising measures) that -
 - build empathy, respect and resilience in pupils; and
 - Explicitly address the issues of cyber-bullying and identity-based bullying including in particular, homophobic and transphobic bullying;
 - Effective supervision and monitoring of pupils;
 - Supports for staff;
 - Consistent recording, investigation and follow up of bullying behaviour (including use of established intervention strategies); and
 - On-going evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy.
- 3. In accordance with the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools bullying is defined as follows:

Bullying is unwanted negative behaviour, verbal, psychological or physical conducted by an individual or group against another person (or persons) and which is repeated over time.

The following types of behaviour are included in the definition of bullying:

- deliberate exclusion, malicious gossip and other forms of relational bullying,
- · cyber-bullying and
- identity-based bullying such as homophobic bullying, racist bullying, bullying based on a person's membership of the Traveller community and bullying of those with disabilities or special educational needs.

Recording of bullying behaviour

It is imperative that all recording of bullying incidents must be done in an objective and factual manner. The school's procedures for noting and reporting bullying behaviour are as follows:

Informal - pre-determination that bullying has occurred

- All staff must keep a written record of any incidents witnessed by them or notified to them. All incidents must be reported to the relevant teacher.
- The relevant teacher must keep a written record of the reports, the actions taken and any discussions with those involved regarding same.
- The relevant teacher must inform the principal of all incidents being investigated.

Formal Stage 1- determination that bullying has occurred

- If it is established by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, he/she will keep a written record of the discussion with those involved. This record is to assist the teacher to resolve the issues and restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved.
- All records should be maintained carefully by the class teacher and a copy stored in the relevant child's file in the centrally locked cabinet.

Formal Stage 2 - Appendix 3 · If the pupil re-offends (From DES procedures)

- The relevant teacher must use the recording template at Appendix 3 to record the bullying behaviour in the following circumstances:
- a) in cases where he/she considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour occurred; and
- b) Where the school has decided as part of its anti-bullying policy that in certain circumstances bullying behaviour must be recorded and reported immediately to the Principal or Deputy Principal as applicable.
 - When the recording template is used, it must be retained by the relevant teacher in question and a copy retained by the principal. Due consideration has been given to locations where these records are kept, who has access to them, and how long they will be retained (please refer to the Data Protection policy).

Formal Stage 3:

- In the case of further bullying behaviour occurring the school's Code of Behaviour will apply.
- It will also be made clear to those involved (pupils and parents/guardian(s)) that in any situation where disciplinary sanctions are required, it is a private matter between the pupil being disciplined, their parent(s)/guardian(s) and the school.

Established intervention strategies

- Teacher interviews with all pupils
- Negotiating agreements between pupils and following these up by monitoring progress.
 This can be on an informal basis or implemented through a more structured mediation process
- Working with parent(s)/guardian(s)s to support school interventions
- No Blame Approach
- · Circle Time

The school's programme of support for working with pupils affected by bullying is as follows:

The following suggestions will be implemented at an age-appropriate level:

- Classroom lessons dealing with raising self-esteem, for example Circle time.
- Providing a block of time with the SET teacher for social and emotional development with parental permission.
- Revise school rules with all children.
- Encourage friendships and positive relationships through Friendship Weeks.
- Host an information workshop for parents and children on cyber safety and cyber bullying.
- Teachers will use resources from the <u>tacklebullying.ie</u> website when relevant in their anti-bullying lessons.
- Seek advice and support from outside agencies such as NEPS and CAMHS.
- Refer to Behaviour Support Guidelines published by NEPS.
- Encourage participation in outside clubs and sports etc to build confidence and form friendships.
- If pupils require counselling or further supports the school will endeavour to liaise with the appropriate agencies to organise same. This may be for the pupil affected by bullying or involved in the bullying behaviour.
- Pupils should understand that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents
 of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher.

8. Supervision and Monitoring of Pupils

The Board of Management confirms that appropriate supervision and monitoring practices are in place to both prevent and deal with bullying behaviour and to facilitate early intervention where possible.

9. Prevention of Harassment

The Board of Management confirms that the school will, in accordance with its obligations under equality legislation, take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the sexual harassment of pupils or staff or the harassment of pupils or staff on any of the nine grounds specified i.e. gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community.

RATIFICATION AND COMMUNICATION

- 11. This policy has been made available to school personnel, published on the school website and provided to the Parents' Association. A copy of this policy will be made available to the Department and the patron if requested.
- 12. This policy and its implementation will be reviewed by the Board of Management once in every school year. Written notification that the review has been completed will be made available to school personnel, published on the school website and provided to the Parents' Association. A record of the review and its outcome will be made available, if requested, to the patron and the Department.

Signed: Jelin Alean - Signed: Myll Mi Brath.

(Chairperson of Board of Management) (Principal)

Date: 14/12/2021

Date: 14/12/2021

Date of next review: 1/02/2023

Appendix 1

Procedures for investigating and dealing with bullying

6.8.9 School authorities must ensure that the school has clear procedures for investigating and dealing with bullying and that these are set out in the school's anti-bullying policy. The school's procedures must be consistent with the following:

- (i) The primary aim for the relevant teacher in investigating and dealing with bullying is to resolve any issues and to restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved (rather than to apportion blame);
- (ii) In investigating and dealing with bullying, the teacher will exercise his/her professional judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the situation might be resolved;
- (iii) All reports, including anonymous reports of bullying must be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher. In that way pupils will gain confidence in 'telling'. This confidence factor is of vital importance. It should be made clear to all pupils that when they report incidents of bullying they are not considered to be telling tales but are behaving responsibly;
- (iv) Non-teaching staff such as secretaries, special needs assistants (SNAs), bus escorts, caretakers, cleaners must be encouraged to report any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them, to the relevant teacher;
- (v) Parents and pupils are required to co-operate with any investigation and assist the school in resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved as quickly as possible;
- (vi) It is very important that all involved (including each set of pupils and parents)understand the above approach from the outset;

- (vii) Teachers should take a calm, unemotional problem-solving approach when dealing with incidents of alleged bullying behaviour reported by pupils, staff or parents;
- (viii) Incidents are generally best investigated outside the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved;
- (ix) All interviews should be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard to the rights of all pupils concerned. Pupils who are not directly involved can also provide very useful information in this way;
- (x) When analysing incidents of bullying behaviour, the relevant teacher should seek answers to questions of what, where, when, who and why. This should be done in a calm manner, setting an example in dealing effectively with a conflict in a non-aggressive manner;
- (xi) If a group is involved, each member should be interviewed individually at first.

 Thereafter, all those involved should be met as a group. At the group meeting,
 each member should be asked for his/her account of what happened to ensure
 that everyone in the group is clear about each other's statements;
- (xii) Each member of a group should be supported through the possible pressures that they may face them from the other members of the group after interview by the teacher;
- (xiii) It may also be appropriate or helpful to ask those involved to write down their account of the incident(s);
- (xiv) In cases where it has been determined by the relevant teacher that bullying behaviour has occurred, the parents of the parties involved should be contacted at an early stage to inform them of the matter and explain the actions being

taken (by reference to the school policy). The school should give parents an opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school and the supports for their pupils;

- (xv) Where the relevant teacher has determined that a pupil has been engaged in bullying behaviour, it should be made clear to him/her how he/she is in breach of the school's anti-bullying policy and efforts should be made to try to get him/her to see the situation from the perspective of the pupil being bullied;
- (xvi) It must also be made clear to all involved (each set of pupils and parents) that in any situation where disciplinary sanctions are required, this is a private matter between the pupil being disciplined, his or her parents and the school;
- (xvii) Follow-up meetings with the relevant parties involved should be arranged separately with a view to possibly bringing them together at a later date if the pupil who has been bullied is ready and agreeable. This can have a therapeutic effect:
- (xviii) In cases where the relevant teacher considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour has occurred, it must be recorded by the relevant teacher in the recording template at Appendix 3 (See Section 6.8.10 (iii));
- (xix) In determining whether a bullying case has been adequately and appropriately addressed the relevant teacher must, as part of his/her professional judgement, take the following factors into account:
 - Whether the bullying behaviour has ceased:
 - Whether any issues between the parties have been resolved as far as is practicable;
 - Whether the relationships between the parties have been restored as far as is practicable; and
 - Any feedback received from the parties involved, their parents or the school Principal or Deputy Principal;

- (xx) Where a parent is not satisfied that the school has dealt with a bullying case in accordance with these procedures, the parents must be referred, as appropriate, to the school's complaints procedures;
- (xxi) In the event that a parent has exhausted the school's complaints procedures and is still not satisfied, the school must advise the parents of their right to make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children

Appendix 2 Practical tips for building a positive school culture and climate

The following are some practical tips for immediate actions that can be taken to help build a positive school culture and climate and to help prevent and tackle bullying behaviour.

- Model respectful behaviour to all members of the school community at all times.
- Explicitly teach pupils what respectful language and respectful behaviour looks like, acts like, sounds like and feels like in class and around the school.
- Display key respect messages in classrooms, in assembly areas and around the school. Involve pupils in the development of these messages.
- Catch them being good notice and acknowledge desired respectful behaviour by providing positive attention.
- Consistently tackle the use of discriminatory and derogatory language in the school this includes homophobic and racist language and language that is belittling of pupils with a disability or SEN.
- Give constructive feedback to pupils when respectful behaviour and respectful language are absent.
- Have a system of encouragement and rewards to promote desired behaviour and compliance with the school rules and routines.
- Explicitly teach pupils about the appropriate use of social media.
- Positively encourage pupils to comply with the school rules on mobile phone and internet use.
- Follow up and follow through with pupils who ignore the rules.
- Actively involve parents and/or the Parents' Association in awareness raising campaigns around social media.
- Actively promote the right of every member of the school community to be safe and secure in school.
- Highlight and explicitly teach school rules in pupil friendly language in the classroom and in common areas.
- All staff can actively watch out for signs of bullying behaviour.
- Ensure there is adequate playground/school yard/outdoor supervision.
- School staff can get pupils to help them to identify bullying "hot spots" and "hot times" for bullying in the school.
 - Hot spots tend to be in the playground/school yard/outdoor areas, changing rooms, corridors and other areas of unstructured supervision.
 - Hot times again tend to be times where there is less structured supervision such as when pupils are in the playground/school yard or moving classrooms.
- Support the establishment and work of student councils.

Appendix 3 Template for recording bullying behaviour

1. Name of pu	pil being bullied an	id class	gro	oup			
Name		-		0	Class		
2. Name(s) and	l class(es) of pupil(s) enga	aged	l in bullying	behaviour		
3. Source of bu	llying concern/repo	rt				of incidents (tick	
Pupil concerned					relevant box(es))* Playground		
Other Pupil	•	+			Classroom		
Parent		+	\dashv		Corridor		
Teacher			1		Toilets		
Other					School Bus		
		•			Other		
5. Name of per	son(s) who reporte	d the b	ully	ing concern			
6 Type of Rull	ving Rehaviour (tiel	relev	ant h	nov(es)) *			
6. Type of Bullying Behaviour (tick relevant box(es)) * Physical Aggression Cyber-bullying					ıg		
				Intimidation			
			Malicious Gossip				
			_	Other (specify)			
7. Where beha	viour is regarded :	as iden	tity-	-based bullyi	ng, indicate tl	he relevant category:	
Homophobic	Disability/SEN Racist related		and the second s		ship of r community	Other (specify)	
8. Brief Descrip	otion of bullying be	havio	ur ai	nd its impac	t		
9. Details of a	actions taken						
Signed			(1	Relevant Tea	cher) Date		
Date submitted t * Note: The cate circumstances.	o Principal/Deputy egories listed in the	Princip tables 3	oal _ 3, 4 o	& 6 are sugge	ested and school	ols may add to or amend th	